1.0 Introduction

There are occasions when departments need to respond quickly to temporary changes to service demands and, to do so, they may engage casual workers. Casual workers are normally used to meet these demands where the work can be performed on an “as and when” basis, for a maximum period of up to 13 weeks. Their engagement with the College is distinct from employees as they are not required to be available for work, and are free to turn down work if offered.

Where a casual worker’s temporary engagement exceeds a continuous period of 13 weeks (whether this be their initial engagement, upon extension or following previous casual work carried out within another department/division) they should be engaged on the most appropriate contract of employment, based on hours, working pattern and duration of employment. Please contact your local HR representative if you require assistance with identifying the most appropriate type of contract.

1.1 Contractual Options

The table below sets out the range of contracts individuals may be appointed to within College:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Length of engagement</th>
<th>Type of contract</th>
<th>Payment method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 12 weeks</td>
<td>Agency agreement</td>
<td>Accounts Payable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less than 13 weeks</td>
<td>Casual letter of understanding</td>
<td>Monthly payroll (via Pay 8B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To cover a specific absence and normally for approx. 1 year</td>
<td>Temporary contract</td>
<td>Monthly payroll</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
For a specific purpose; and normally less than 4 years

| (N.B maternity cover contracts may exceed 1 year) | Fixed term contract | Monthly payroll |
| Indefinite period | Open ended contract | Monthly payroll |
| More than 13 weeks; and no set hours (N.B do not use for roles to be returned in REF 2013) | Zero hours contract | Monthly payroll (via Pay 8C) |
| Set pattern i.e. term time only; or specific number of hours | Annualised hours contract | Monthly payroll |
| Fully retired; and College wishes to retain research collaboration with individual | Senior Research Investigator (SRI) contract | Monthly payroll |

Further guidance can be obtained from the Engaging Agency Workers, Annualised and Zero Hours Contracts, Fixed Term Workers and Senior Research Investigator (SRI) guidance.

Temporary engagements in excess of six months must be advertised internally. If there is a wish to advertise an administrative and support post which is funded or part funded by general College funds externally, a request to recruit and advertise must be made, as set out on the guidance note available from http://www3.imperial.ac.uk/hr/procedures/recruitment. While the request is under consideration, the existing agency temporary or casual worker’s engagement may be extended. If this does not happen, the engagement must be terminated at six months and no re-engagement or new hire of the temporary/casual worker will be permissible in such circumstances.

If it is probable that the requirement for a temporary worker will extend beyond six months, managers should consider taking early steps for the post to be advertised internally, rather than waiting until the end of the six month period.

2.0 Procedure

To engage and pay a casual worker the following procedure must be followed:

(i) Issue a Letter of understanding or other appropriate contractual documentation (please refer to section 2 below). This documentation should be retained on departmental files for up to six years (the Payroll Office do not require a copy). The letter of understanding should state the rate of pay, which must be no lower than the College Worker rate, with the exception of those engaged by the Student Union, who may be paid the National Minimum wage.

(ii) Request the casual worker completes a Casual Worker Joining Form (Pay8A) (authorised by the relevant line manager). The form should be completed in full, and in particular the following sections must not be left blank:

a. Start date
b. Nationality

Updated September 2015
c. Address (preferably the worker’s residential address, as this will be provided to the HM Revenue and Customs for correspondence purposes)

d. National Insurance number where possible, alternatively this can be submitted with the first payment form, or as soon as possible thereafter. However, if the worker needs to apply for an NI number please refer to the Pay8A guidance note on how to do this

e. Email address (unless the individual has a College email account)

f. Signature (if a hard copy form is used)

(iii) The Casual Worker Joining form must be completed when the worker is initially hired and submitted to the Payroll Office within one week of taking up engagement. On an annual basis thereafter, if the relationship is prolonged, the form must be reviewed to ensure details remain accurate, refreshed and resubmitted.

(iv) Submit separate Casual Worker Payment Instruction Forms (Pay8B) on a regular monthly basis, to reach the Payroll office by the published deadlines. The forms should not be stockpiled and submitted at the end of the work

Payroll Office will accept both the Joining and Payment forms and relevant information either electronically or by hard copy. Instructions on how to submit payments to the Payroll Office are available to view as an FAQ.

In all instances the Joining form requires supporting documentary evidence of the person’s right to work in the UK, this includes UK/EU students. Original signed and dated photocopies of the right to work in the UK document must be retained on departmental files for inspection by the UK Visas & Immigration (UKVI) should they wish to check these. A photocopy should be submitted with the Joining form.

2.1 Holiday Pay for Casual Workers

Casual workers are entitled to receive paid annual leave. Section C of the Payment Instruction Form, where the agreed hourly rate must be entered, makes this clear.

2.2 College Pension Scheme Auto-enrolment

As required by the Government, the Pensions Office will, after a three month postponement period, automatically enrol casual workers meeting the following criteria into a workplace pension scheme, if they are not already in such a scheme:

- the casual worker is aged between 22 years and under State Pension age
- works or usually works in the UK
- will meet the earnings threshold which triggers automatic enrolment in the month

Casual workers have the right to join the College pension scheme if they wish.

3.0 Letter of Understanding or other contractual documentation
Appropriate written contractual documentation must be put in place to protect the College and the worker. A model Letter of Understanding is available for this purpose.

For simple isolated pieces of work (e.g. guest lectures), where payment is made in a single month, a simple exchange of letters or emails will suffice, provided this makes clear what is required of each party and, in particular, the fee and any associated expenses.

In order to ensure that casual workers are given the appropriate contract for the work undertaken, and that the casual worker remains casual and does not unwittingly acquire employment rights, the following principles must be adhered to:

The casual worker:

- Must not be subject to College policies and procedures except the Health & Safety and Equal Opportunities policies.
- Must not receive any College benefits.
- Must not be subject to repercussions should they decline an offer to work e.g. they are not penalised in any way i.e. non-selection another time.
- Is entitled to work for other organisations external to the College.

Line managers should:

- Ensure that casual workers are engaged on a short term only basis e.g. with a limit of 13 weeks maximum to avoid an ‘employment relationship’ forming. Before engaging a casual worker please check their length of engagement during the year with the Pay Office.
- Offer work on a rotating basis from as wide a pool of casuals that are known/available and not repeatedly approach the same worker
- Try to avoid clear patterns of work developing i.e. regular days/hours.
- Ensure there is no obligation to offer work to any casual in particular.
- Try to avoid the casual worker being integrated into the department/division i.e. entitlement to College benefits.
- Ensure assignments are short and intermittent.

4.0 Right to work in the UK

Under the Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006, it is a criminal offence for an employer to engage individuals whose immigration status prevents them from working in this country. This means that when recruiting a casual worker it is essential that recruiters undertake document checks before the individual commences work in order to ensure that they have the right to work in the UK.
In order that the College complies with the law, please ensure that all prospective casual workers provide an original document or combination of documents from:

- List A (documents which confirm a permanent right to work); or
- List B Group 1 (documents where time-limited permission lasts until the expiry date of leave); or
- List B Group 2 (documents where time-limited permission lasts for 6 months); and
- Where the individual is a student with time limited permission undertaking work, they must provide the additional documents specified under List B as outlined on the Demonstrating Your Right to Work web page.

This documentary evidence is required even in respect of UK citizens.

Remember you are required to photocopy an original document to ensure compliance with the law.

If your prospective casual worker provides you with a document from List B or is a Croatian national, please contact your HR team in order to confirm that the individual has provided satisfactory evidence of eligibility to work in the UK.

For individuals with a temporary right to work a follow up check is required within a specified time period, normally when the individual’s existing permission expires. Please note where these time periods are not met or specific documents received then the individual will not be able to continue working.

FAILURE TO CARRY OUT CHECKS MAY RESULT IN A CIVIL PENALTY & RECRUITERS ARE PERSONALLY LIABLE.

Please refer to the Right To Work In The UK - Guidance For Managers for full details.

5.0 Discrimination

Casual workers are protected against unlawful discrimination. They are entitled to bring equal pay claims.

6.0 Student casual workers

If engaging students please note that the College recommends that students work no more than 10-15 hours per week during term time. In addition, some sponsors do not permit students to take up work outside their studies whilst others specify a limit.

International students holding a Student visa/Tier 4 permit are permitted to work up to a maximum of 20 hours per week during term time if studying at degree level or above or 10 hours per week if studying below degree level at Higher Education Institutions and full time (35 hours per week) during vacation times, and the time between the end of their course and the end of their student visa. Students at publicly-funded Further Education Colleges are not permitted to work.